Apart from the above, during the period August—November, 1993, the following agitation/direct actions took place, which did not have any quantifiable effect on operations:

(i) Air Corporations Employees' Union (ACEU), Bombay a non-. recognised Union in Air India went on one day strike on 9-9-1993.

(ii) Air India Cabin Crew Association (AICCA) resorted to direct action on September, 1993 by directing its members not to operate flights with Capt. A. R. Kermani.

(iii) Air India Employees Guild (AIEG) representing non-technical and technical categories of employees in- for India. resorted to work stopped on October 2, 1993 and November 10, 1993 in the Airport Services Department.

CoMlruction of International Airport at Bangalore

1908. SHRI J. P. JAVALI: Will the Minister of ' CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state; , .

(a) whether it is a fact that an International airport is likely to be constructed at Bangalore by, R. P. Goenka .Group in collaboration with Cathay Pacific; and

(b) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM' (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD) (a) and (b) Government have not erceived any? proposal for- construction of a new airport at Bangalore by the R. P. Goenka Group in collaboration with Cathay Pacific.

Investment Plan for Tourism

1909. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL : Will the Minister of ClVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government-have drawn up |in investment- plan so as to -inprease. the tourist inflow from the-present 1.83 million J to five million by the end of 1996-97 as reported in the Economic Times, New Delhi - dated 24th November,1993

(b) if so, the details thereof and whether it has been cleared by Government; and,

(c).what is the likely return in foreign exchange by the end of 1996-97, increase in tax earning and employment, potential including booster to the facilities for an existing weak tourism infrastructure in the country as a whole and in States like Raja-sthan 'and Orissa in particular?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) to (c) No investment plan has been approved by the Government for increasing the"foreign tourist inflow to five million by 1996-97. However, the Department of Tourism has prepared such a tentative- plan which envisages investments by various Departments of . Government of India, State Governments including Rajasthan and Orissa and the private sector. The plan has to be therefore, examined by these agencies in detail. The economic benefits of attracting five million foreign" tourists are anticipated to be foreign exchange earning of Rs. 14,000 crores", employment of 5.18 million persons and tax revenue of Rs. 1764 crores.

Industrial Incentive Policy

1910. SHRI AHMED MOHMAD BHA PATEL: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government of Gujarat after reviving its 1990—95 industrial Policy, has made Hotel industry, small and employment oriented units, eligible for incentives ;

(b) if so, to what extent Gujarat. Hotel can claim incentives ;

(c) what are the industries which are not eligible for incentives under industrial Policy, 1995 ; and

(d) what is the extent to which the pro posed incentives will boost Gujarat's hotel, industry ?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) investment in backward areas in hotels is now eligible for incentives under various incentive schemes of the State Government.

(c) State' Government has issued' a modi fied list of industries not eligible for incen tives under indnstrial policy 1990-95 The list is giyement statement, *(See.* below)., ..

(d) The incentives offered -by State Government are aimed at booking' touriern activities in the State and • to increassd employment and productivity.

Statement

Government of Gujarat

Modified list of Industries not eligible for ingentives under industrial policy 1990—95.

1. Manufacture of Ice cream, Kulfy, Ice Candy, Ice, Fruites, Sweets and areated Water.
2. Preparation of Khakharan, Papad, Wadi and Farsan.
3. Producing of firewood and Charcol.
4. Decorating, expelling, crushing, roasting, parching, frying of edible oil seeds viz. ground nut sisham, Rapesseed, Mastard, Sunflower, Soyabean. Soflower, Kardi, Nijar, Palmiol, Coconut, Cottonseed etc. and refinding, colouring/decolouring and scanting of oil (except in co-operative sector and oil).
5. Solvent extraction of oil from edible oil seed/edible oil cake processing and/or hydrogenation of edible oil (except in co-operative sector).
6. Dehusking of Isabgol.
7. Thinner and Frenchpolish, Kakab and Gadaku.
8. Dairy milk powder and other manufacturing products starting from milk (Except in co-operative sector. However, more pasturisation and sterilisation of milk will not be eligible).
9. Mining.
10. Khandsari Units.
11. Electricity Generation (Except Captive power generation).
12. Cottage and Village Industries falling within the purview of Khadi and Village Industries Board, Khadi and Village Industries Commission and Industries falling within the purview of coir/silk, handloom, handicrafts board and units set up by self-employed workers and artisans etc. which are covered under separate scheme of assistance.
13. State and Central Public Sector undertakings except in case the following conditions are fulfilled.

(a) In case item of manufacture is in competition with private or public sector units.

(b) In case Public Sector undertaking gives and undertaking to invest the amount eligible under the incentive package in backward areas of the State.

(c) Item of manufacture is not based on local mineral resources of which permit or licence is required under any mineral rules or Act.

14. Such other items for which registration is not to be done or registration is to be restricted as per the advice of the development Commissioner (SSI), New Delhi or from DGTD or letter of Intant under IDR Act is not granted.